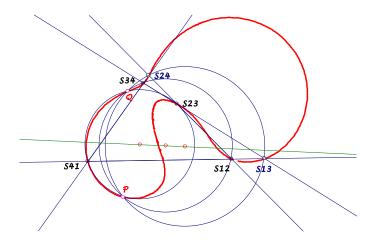
Background for these notes is: Chris van Tienhoven: Encyclopedia of Quadri-Figures http://chrisvantienhoven.nl/

A Quartic for Quadrilaterals

For a quadrilateral there are three pairs of intersections and for each pair a circle through a given point. The points, for which these circles are coaxal give a quartic.



Let L_1 , L_2 , L_3 , L_4 define a quadrilateral, then there are three pairs of intersections:

$$S_{12} = L_1 \cap L_2, S_{34} = L_3 \cap L_4$$
 and $S_{23} = L_2 \cap L_3, S_{41} = L_4 \cap L_1$
and $S_{13} = L_1 \cap L_3, S_{24} = L_2 \cap L_4$.

We take for each pair the circumcircle through a point P and consider the locus of P for collinear centers of these three circles. This curve give a quartic.

If we chose the diagonal triangle QL-DT as reference triangle for barycentric coordinates and give L_4 the coefficients l, m, n, then the quartic has the equation

$$a^{2}b^{2} (1^{2}-m^{2}) z (1^{2}n^{2}xX+m^{2}n^{2}yY-n^{4}zZ+21^{2}m^{2}xy (x+y))$$

$$+b^{2}c^{2} (m^{2}-n^{2}) x (-1^{4}xX+1^{2}m^{2}yY+1^{2}n^{2}zZ+2m^{2}n^{2}yz (y+z))$$

$$+a^{2}c^{2} (n^{2}-1^{2}) y (1^{2}m^{2}xX-m^{4}yY+m^{2}n^{2}zZ+21^{2}n^{2}xz (x+z))$$

$$+a^{4} (1^{2}-m^{2}) (n^{2}-1^{2}) y z (-m^{2}y (x+y)+n^{2}z (x+z))$$

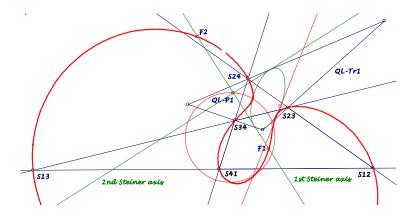
$$+b^{4} (1^{2}-m^{2}) (m^{2}-n^{2}) x z (-n^{2}z (y+z)+1^{2}x (x+y))$$

$$+c^{4} (m^{2}-n^{2}) (n^{2}-1^{2}) x y (-1^{2}x (x+z)+m^{2}y (y+z)) == 0$$
With
$$X := 2yz+x (x+y+z); Y := 2xz+y (x+y+z);$$

$$z := 2xy+z (x+y+z)$$

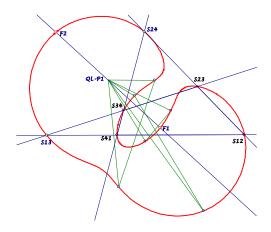
Construction of the quartic: For the construction we need the 1^{st} and 2^{nd} Steiner axis (see *QL-Tf1*):

- 1. Construct an inscribed conic of the Diagonal Triangle QL-Tr1 with the 1^{st} and 2^{nd} Steiner axis (and Steiner Line QL-L2) as tangents.
- 2. The intersections of tangents at this conic and their image-circle wrt the Clawson-Schmidt Conjugate *QL-Tf1* will give points of the quartic.



Properties:

- This quartic contains the six intersections of the quadrilateral.
- The quartic contains the vertices M_1 , M_2 (unequal QL-PI) of the Miquel Triangles QA-Tr2 of the three quadrigon components.
- The quartic contains the fixed points F_1 , F_2 of the Clawson-Schmidt Conjugate QL-Tf1.



- The quartic is invariant wrt the Clawson-Schmidt Conjugate *QL-Tf1*.
- The quartic is invariant wrt the transformation described in *EQF-Note 2013-12-05*.

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