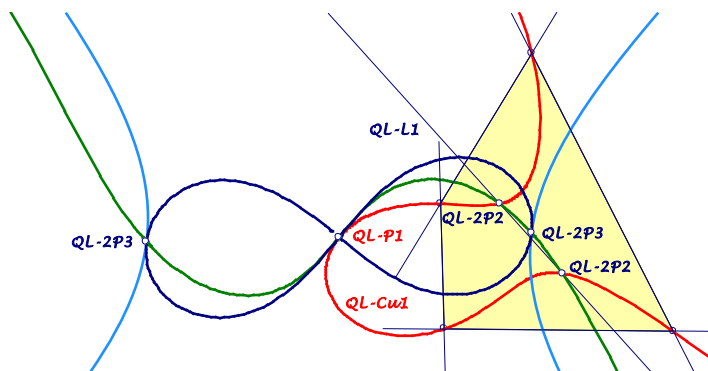


Background for these notes is:
 Chris van Tienhoven: Encyclopedia of Quadri-Figures
<http://www.chrisvantienvhoven.nl/>

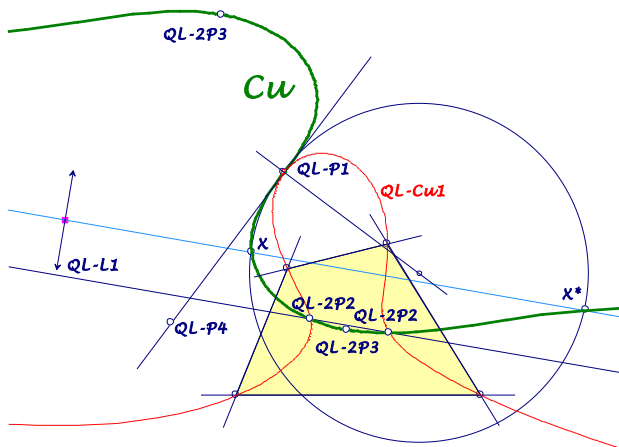
QL-Tf1 Related Curves

Main QL-transformation is QL-Tf1, usual shortened CSC. Central QL-curve is the CSC-invariant cubic QL-Cu1. Changing the construction of QL-Cu1, there is a further CSC-invariant cubic Cu. Its CSC-partners lead to an orthogonal hyperbola Hy, whose CSC-image is a lemniscate Le. Geometric properties are Cabri-tested.



QL-Cu1

QL-Cu1 is the locus for intersections of ...
 ... parallels wrt QL-L1
 ... and the CSC-circles of their reflections in QL-L1.



Cu

Reducing the construction of QL-Cu1 we get a further cubic:
 Cu is the locus for intersections of ...
 ... parallels wrt QL-L1
 ... and their CSC-circles.

Some properties of the cubic Cu:

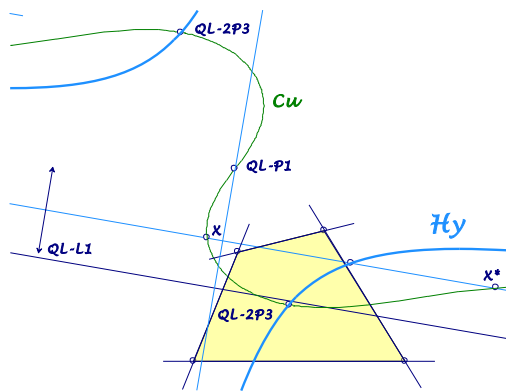
- ... Cu is CSC-invariant.
- ... Cu is symmetric wrt the Miquel point $QL-P1$.
- ... Cu contains the points $QL-P1$, $QL-2P2$, $QL-2P3$.
- ... Its asymptote is parallel to the Newton line $QL-L1$.
- ... The tangent in $QL-P1$ at Cu is $QL-P1.QL-P4$, also the tangent at $QL-Cu1$.

Hy

The midpoints of CSC-partners on the cubic Cu give an orthogonal hyperbola Hy , ...

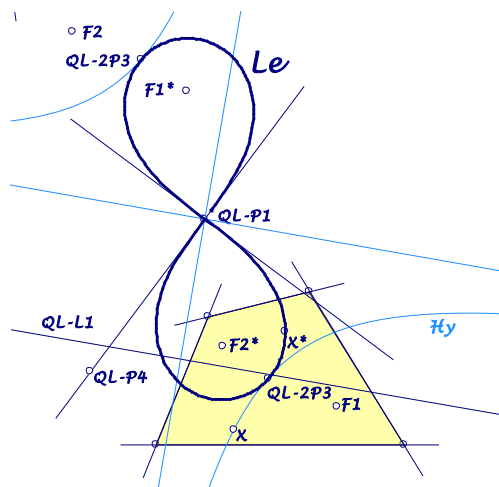
- ... centered in $QL-P1$,
- ... through the points $QL-2P3$
- ... and asymptotes parallel and orthogonal $QL-L1$.

The tangent in a point X at Hy is XX^* .



Le

The CSC-image of the orthogonal hyperbola Hy is a lemniscate, ... centered in $QL-P1$, ... tangent in $QL-2P3$ to Hy , ... tangents in $QL-P1$: $QL-P1.QL-P4$ and a perpendicular, ... with foci in the CSC-images of the foci of Hy .



Eckart Schmidt

<http://eckartschmidt.de>
eckart_schmidt@t-online.de