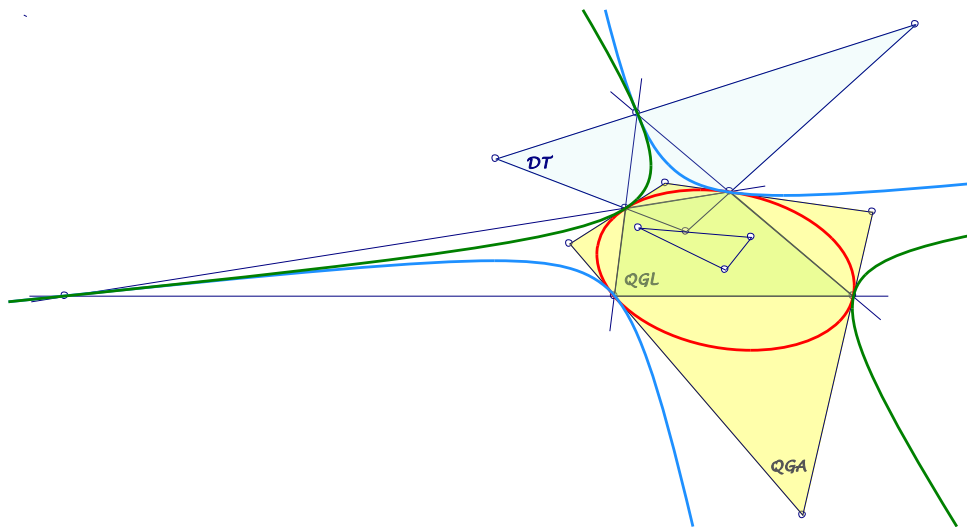


Background for these notes is:  
 Chris van Tienhoven: Encyclopedia of Quadri-Figures  
<http://www.chrisvantienhoven.nl/>

### Three Self-dual Conics

Let  $QL$  be a quadrilateral and  $QA$  its dual quadrangle with common diagonal triangle  $DT$  (see QFG-message 1516). For corresponding quadrilaterons  $QGL$  and  $QGA$  there are three self-dual conics, circumscribed  $QGL$  and inscribed  $QGA$ .



For a reference  $QL$  we consider a quadrigon component  $QGL$ . The  $DT$ -trilinear poles of the  $QGL$ -lines give the dual quadrigon  $QGA$ .

- For the quadrilaterons  $QGL$  and  $QGA$  there is a conic  $Co$ , circumscribed  $QGL$  ( $QG-Co2$  of  $QGL$ ) and inscribed  $QGA$  ( $QG-Co1$  of  $QGA$ ).

In this constellation duality means:

... for lines  $L$  :  $\text{dual}(L) = QA-Tf2(DT\text{-tripole of } L)$ ,  
 ... for points  $P$ :  $\text{dual}(P) = QL-Tf2(DT\text{-tripolar of } P)$ .

- The three conics  $Co$  are self-dual.
- The conics  $Co$  are centered  
 ... in  $QG-P13$  of the quadrilaterons  $QGL$ ,  
 which are  
 ... the duals for the sides of the  $DT$ -medial triangle  
 and give  
 ... the  $DT$ -anticevian triangle of  
 $QL-P13 = QA-P16 = DT\text{-tripole of } QL-L1$ .

This triangle is already mentioned as *QL-DDT* by Bernard Keizer (*EQF*-message 1458) with the property (6<sup>th</sup> conic in *EQF*-messages 1488, 1535, 1707):

- The triangle of the *Co*-centers and *QL-Tr2* have a common circumconic through *QL-P13*.
- The circumcircle of the *Co*-centers is centered on *QL-L6* (see *EQF*).
- The poles of an arbitrary line *L* wrt the three conics *Co* give the ...  
... *DT*-anticevian triangle of *DT*-tripole (*QL-Tf2(L)*).
- The polars of an arbitrary point *P* wrt the three conics *Co* give the ...  
... *DT*-cevian triangle of *QA-Tf2(P)*.

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